



Hunan University STAT 23: Business Statistics

Professor: To be announced

Total contact hours: 54 hours

Credit: 4

Course Description

This course mainly talks about statistics in the area of business and economics, it meets today's business students with a balance of clarity and rigor, and applications incorporated from a diverse range of industries. A wide variety of data collection and analysis techniques are covered in this course. You can cultivate the abilities of developing statistical thinking, learning to assess the credibility and value of inferences made from data, and making informed business decisions.

Required Material

Textbook: *Statistics for Business and Economics*

Author: James T. McClave, P. George Benson

Edition: 12th Edition Publisher: Pearson

Grading

4 Quizzes

40% Midterm Exam

25%

Final Exam

35%

A+ 96-100	A 90-95	A- 85-89
B+ 82-84	B 78-81	B- 75-77
C+ 71-74	C 66-70	C- 62-65
D 60-61	F < 60	

Course Schedule

The course has 24 class sessions in total. All sessions are 2 hours and 15 minutes in length.

Note: the course outline and required readings are subject to change.



Class 1:

Introduction to the course

1. Statistics, Data, and Statistical Thinking

1.1 The Science of Statistics

1.2 Types of Statistical Applications in Business

1.3 Fundamental Elements of Statistics

1.4 Processes (Optional)

1.5 Types of Data

1.6 Collecting Data: Sampling and Related Issues

1.7 Critical Thinking with Statistics

Statistics in Action: A 20/20 View of Surveys: Fact or Fiction?

Activity 1.1: Keep the Change: Collecting Data

Activity 2.2: Identifying Misleading Statistics

Using Technology: Accessing and Listing Data; Random Sampling

Class 2:

2. Methods for Describing Sets of Data

2.1 Describing Qualitative Data

2.2 Graphical Methods for Describing Quantitative Data

2.3 Numerical Measures of Central Tendency

2.4 Numerical Measures of Variability

2.5 Using the Mean and Standard Deviation to Describe Data

Class 3:

2. Methods for Describing Sets of Data (Cont.)

2.6 Numerical Measures of Relative Standing

2.7 Methods for Detecting Outliers: Box Plots and z-Scores

2.8 Graphing Bivariate Relationships (Optional)

2.9 The Time Series Plot (Optional)

2.10 Distorting the Truth with Descriptive Techniques

Statistics in Action: Can Money Buy Love?

Activity 2.1: Real Estate Sales

Activity 2.2: Keep the Change: Measures of Central Tendency and Variability

Using Technology: Describing Data

Making Business Decisions: The Kentucky Milk Case Part 1 (Covers Chapters 1 and 2)

Class 4:

3. Probability

3.1 Events, Sample Spaces, and Probability

3.2 Unions and Intersections

3.3 Complementary Events

3.4 The Additive Rule and Mutually Exclusive Events

3.5 Conditional Probability

3.6 The Multiplicative Rule and Independent Events



3.7 Bayes's Rule

Statistics in Action: Lotto Buster!

Activity 3.1: Exit Polls: Conditional Probability

Activity 3.2: Keep the Change: Independent Events

Using Technology: Combinations and Permutations

Class 5:

4. Random Variables and Probability Distributions

4.1 Two Types of Random Variables

PART I: Discrete Random Variables

4.2 Probability Distributions for Discrete Random Variables

4.3 The Binomial Distribution

4.4 Other Discrete Distributions: Poisson and Hypergeometric

Class 6:

4. Random Variables and Probability Distributions (Cont.)

PART II: Continuous Random Variables

4.5 Probability Distributions for Continuous Random Variables

4.6 The Normal Distribution

4.7 Descriptive Methods for Assessing Normality

4.8 Other Continuous Distributions: Uniform and Exponential

Statistics in Action: Probability in a Reverse Cocaine Sting: Was Cocaine Really Sold?

Activity 4.1: Warehouse Club Memberships: Exploring a Binomial Random Variable

Activity 4.2: Identifying the Type of Probability Distribution

Using Technology: Discrete Probabilities, Continuous Probabilities, and Normal Probability Plots

Class 7:

5. Sampling Distributions

5.1 The Concept of a Sampling Distribution

5.2 Properties of Sampling Distributions: Unbiasedness and Minimum Variance

5.3 The Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean and the Central Limit Theorem

5.4 The Sampling Distribution of the Sample Proportion

Statistics in Action: The Insomnia Pill: Is It Effective?

Activity 5.1: Simulating a Sampling Distribution Cell Phone Usage

Using Technology: Simulating a Sampling Distribution

Making Business Decisions: The Furniture Fire Case (Covers Chapters 3–5)

Review of Chapter 1 to Chapter 5

Quiz 1

Class 8:

6. Inferences Based on a Single Sample: Estimation with Confidence Intervals

6.1 Identifying and Estimating the Target Parameter

6.2 Confidence Interval for a Population Mean: Normal (z) Statistic



6.3 Confidence Interval for a Population Mean: Student's t-Statistic
6.4 Large-Sample Confidence Interval for a Population Proportion
6.5 Determining the Sample Size
6.6 Finite Population Correction for Simple Random Sampling (Optional)
6.7 Confidence Interval for a Population Variance (Optional)
Inferences Based on a Single Sample: Estimation with Confidence Intervals
Statistics in Action: Medicare Fraud Investigations
Activity 6.1: Conducting a Pilot Study
Using Technology: Confidence Intervals

Class 9:

7. Inferences Based on a Single Sample: Tests of Hypotheses
7.1 The Elements of a Test of Hypothesis
7.2 Formulating Hypotheses and Setting Up the Rejection Region
7.3 Observed Significance Levels: p-Values
7.4 Test of Hypothesis about a Population Mean: Normal (z) Statistic

Class 10:

7. Inferences Based on a Single Sample: Tests of Hypotheses (Cont.)
7.5 Test of Hypothesis about a Population Mean: Student's t-Statistic
7.6 Large-Sample Test of Hypothesis about a Population Proportion
7.7 Test of Hypothesis about a Population Variance
7.8 Calculating Type II Error Probabilities: More about b (Optional)
Statistics in Action: Diary of a Kleenex® User—How Many Tissues in a Box?
Activity 7.1: Challenging a Company's Claim: Tests of Hypotheses
Activity 7.2: Keep the Change: Tests of Hypotheses
Using Technology: Tests of Hypotheses
Review of Chapter 6 to Chapter 7
Quiz 2

Class 11:

8. Inferences Based on Two Samples: Confidence Intervals and Tests of Hypotheses
8.1 Identifying the Target Parameter
8.2 Comparing Two Population Means: Independent Sampling
8.3 Comparing Two Population Means: Paired Difference Experiments
8.4 Comparing Two Population Proportions: Independent Sampling
8.5 Determining the Required Sample Size
8.6 Comparing Two Population Variances: Independent Sampling
Statistics in Action: ZixIt Corp. v. Visa USA Inc.—A Libel Case
Activity 8.1: Box Office Receipts: Comparing Population Means
Activity 8.2: Keep the Change: Inferences Based on Two Samples
Using Technology: Two-Sample Inferences
Making Business Decisions: The Kentucky Milk Case—Part II (Covers Chapters 6–8)



Class 12:

Review of Chapter 1 to Chapter 8

Mid-term Exam

Class 13:

9. Design of Experiments and Analysis of Variance

9.1 Elements of a Designed Experiment

9.2 The Completely Randomized Design: Single Factor

9.3 Multiple Comparisons of Means

9.4 The Randomized Block Design

9.5 Factorial Experiments: Two Factors

Statistics in Action: Pollutants at a Housing Development - A Case of Mishandling Small Samples

Activity 9.1: Designed vs. Observational Experiments

Using Technology: Analysis of Variance

Class 14:

10. Categorical Data Analysis

10.1 Categorical Data and the Multinomial Experiment

10.2 Testing Category Probabilities: One-Way Table

10.3 Testing Category Probabilities: Two-Way (Contingency) Table

10.4 A Word of Caution about Chi-Square Tests

Statistics in Action: The Case of the Ghoulish Transplant Tissue—Who Is Responsible for Paying Damages?

Activity 10.1: Binomial vs. Multinomial Experiments

Activity 10.2: Contingency Tables

Using Technology: Chi-Square Analyses

Making Business Decisions: Discrimination in the Workplace (Covers Chapters 9 and 10)

Review of Chapter 9 to Chapter 10

Quiz 3

Class 15:

11. Simple Linear Regression

11.1 Probabilistic Models

11.2 Fitting the Model: The Least Squares Approach

11.3 Model Assumptions

11.4 Assessing the Utility of the Model: Making Inferences about the Slope b_1

11.5 The Coefficients of Correlation and Determination

11.6 Using the Model for Estimation and Prediction

11.7 A Complete Example

Statistics in Action: Legal Advertising—Does It Pay?

Activity 11.1: Apply Simple Linear Regression to Your Favorite Data

Using Technology: Simple Linear Regression



Class 16:

12. Multiple Regression and Model Building

12.1 Multiple Regression Models

PART I: First-Order Models with Quantitative Independent Variables

12.2 Estimating and Making Inferences about the b Parameters

12.3 Evaluating Overall Model Utility

12.4 Using the Model for Estimation and Prediction

Class 17:

12. Multiple Regression and Model Building (Cont.)

PART II: Model Building in Multiple Regression

12.5 Interaction Models

12.6 Quadratic and Other Higher-Order Models

12.7 Qualitative (Dummy) Variable Models

12.8 Models with Both Quantitative and Qualitative Variables

12.9 Comparing Nested Models

12.10 Stepwise Regression

Class 18:

12. Multiple Regression and Model Building (Cont.)

PART III: Multiple Regression Diagnostics

12.11 Residual Analysis: Checking the Regression Assumptions

12.12 Some Pitfalls: Estimability, Multicollinearity, and Extrapolation

Statistics in Action: Bid Rigging in the Highway Construction Industry

Activity 12.1: Insurance Premiums: Collecting Data for Several Variables

Activity 12.2: Collecting Data and Fitting a Multiple Regression Model

Using Technology: Multiple Regression

Making Business Decisions: The Condo Sales Case (Covers Chapters 11 and 12)

Review of Chapter 11 to Chapter 12

Quiz 4

Class 19:

13. Methods for Quality Improvement: Statistical Process Control (Available on CD)

13.1 Quality, Processes, and Systems

13.2 Statistical Control

13.3 The Logic of Control Charts

13.4 A Control Chart for Monitoring the Mean of a Process: The $[\bar{x}]$ -Chart

Class 20:

13. Methods for Quality Improvement: Statistical Process Control (Available on CD) (Cont)

13.5 A Control Chart for Monitoring the Variation of a Process: The R-Chart

13.6 A Control Chart for Monitoring the Proportion of Defectives Generated by a Process: The p-Chart

13.7 Diagnosing the Causes of Variation



13.8 Capability Analysis

Statistics in Action: Testing Jet Fuel Additive for Safety

Activity 13.1: Quality Control: Consistency

Using Technology: Control Charts

MAKING BUSINESS DECISIONS: The Gasket Manufacturing Case (Covers Chapter 13)

Class 21:

14. Time Series: Descriptive Analyses, Models, and Forecasting (Available on CD)

14.1 Descriptive Analysis: Index Numbers

14.2 Descriptive Analysis: Exponential Smoothing

14.3 Time Series Components

14.4 Forecasting: Exponential Smoothing

14.5 Forecasting Trends: Holt's Method

Class 22:

14. Time Series: Descriptive Analyses, Models, and Forecasting (Available on CD) (Cont.)

14.6 Measuring Forecast Accuracy: MAD and RMSE

14.7 Forecasting Trends: Simple Linear Regression

14.8 Seasonal Regression Models

14.9 Autocorrelation and the Durbin-Watson Test

Statistics in Action: Forecasting the Monthly Sales of a New Cold Medicine

Activity 14.1: Time Series

Using Technology: Forecasting

Class 23:

15. Nonparametric Statistics (Available on CD)

15.1 Introduction: Distribution-Free Tests

15.2 Single Population Inferences

15.3 Comparing Two Populations: Independent Samples

15.4 Comparing Two Populations: Paired Difference Experiment

15.5 Comparing Three or More Populations: Completely Randomized Design

15.6 Comparing Three or More Populations: Randomized Block Design

15.7 Rank Correlation

Statistics in Action: How Vulnerable Are New Hampshire Wells to Groundwater Contamination?

Activity 15.1: Keep the Change: Nonparametric Statistics

Using Technology: Nonparametric Tests

Making Business Decisions: Detecting "Sales Chasing" (Covers Chapters 10 and 15)

Class 24:

Final Exam

Attending Policy

Regular and prompt attendance is required. Under ordinary circumstances, you may miss two



times without penalty. Each absence over this number will lower your course grade by a third of a letter and missing more than five classes may lead to a failing grade in the course. Arriving late and/or leaving before the end of the class period are equivalent to absences.

Policy on “Late Withdrawals”

In accordance with university policy, appeals for late withdrawal will be approved ONLY in case of medical emergency and similar crises.

Academic Honesty

Hunan University expects all students to do their own work. Instructors will fail assignments that show evidence of plagiarism or other forms of cheating, and will also report the student's name to the University administration. A student reported to the University for cheating is placed on disciplinary probation; a student reported twice is suspended or expelled.

General Expectations:

Students are expected to:

- Attend all classes and be responsible for all materials covered in class and otherwise assigned;
- Complete the day's required reading and assignments before class;
- Review the previous day's notes before class and make notes about questions you have about the previous class or the day's reading;
- Participate in class discussions and complete required written work on time;
- Refrain from texting, phoning or engaging in computer activities unrelated to class during the class period;
- While class participation is welcome, even required, you are expected to refrain from private conversations during the class period.

Special Needs or Assistance

Please contact the Administrative Office immediately if you have a learning disability, a medical issue, or any other type of problem that prevents professors from seeing you have learned the course material. Our goal is to help you learn, not to penalize you for issues which mask your learning.